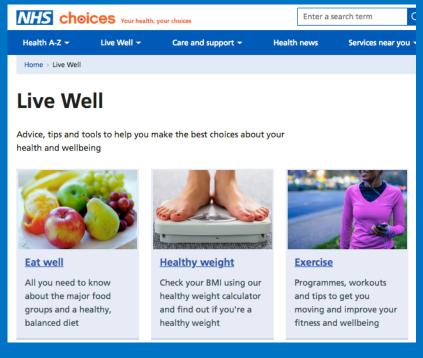




Co-producing solutions for digital health literacy

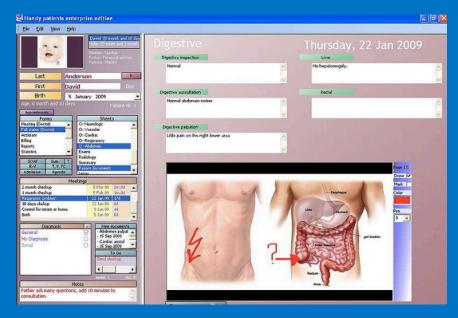
Bob Gann, NHS Digital, United Kingdom

Digital health revolution?



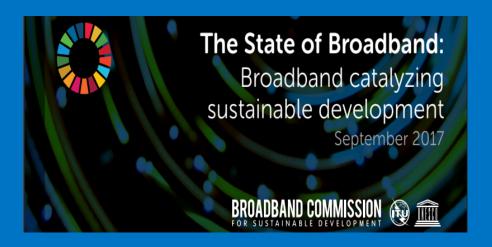






The global digital divide

The majority of the world's population is not online

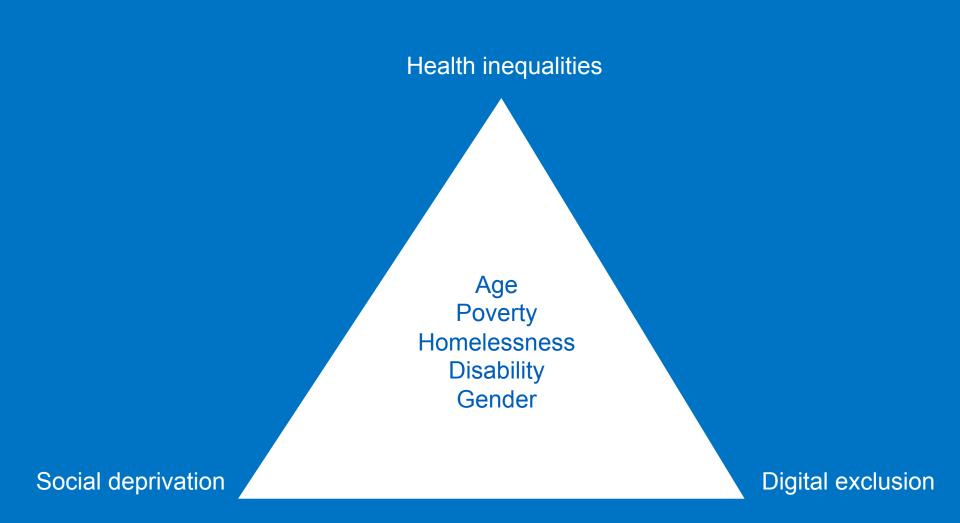


3.5bn people in the world are now online (48%) – but 52% aren't

80% of people in Europe are online – but only 22% in Africa

In UK one in ten people have never been online – and one in five lack basic digital skills

The toxic triad



WHO Digital Health Resolution



SEVENTY-FIRST WORLD HEALTH ASSEMBLY Agenda item 12.4 A71/A/CONF./1 21 May 2018

Digital health

Draft resolution proposed by Algeria, Australia, Brazil, Estonia, Ethiopia, Germany, India, Indonesia, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, Mauritius, Morocco, Panama, Philippines and South Africa

(9) to improve the digital skills of all citizens, including through working with civil society to build public trust and support for digital health solutions, and to promote the application of digital health technology in the provision of, and access to, everyday health services;

What have we done?

Widening Digital Participation: National Health Service programme in England since 2013

Worked with not-for-profit, Good Things Foundation, to deliver national digital health literacy programme

Supported 400,000 digitally excluded people through local centres in deprived communities

Provided supported access to technology in trusted places with digital skills training



Having learned digital skills...

- 60% felt more confident in using digital health tools
- 48% have saved time by using health services online
- 32% have saved money by using health services online
- 27% have increased self care & reduced use of primary & urgent care
- 52% say they feel less lonely & isolated

Preliminary results reported at HPH conferences in Barcelona (2014) and Oslo (2015) Published at https://nhs.goodthingsfoundation.org/



But its not just about digital skills...

People aren't online because of...

Lack of digital skills

Infrastructure – mobile connectivity, broadband, wi-fi

Affordability – devices, contracts

Lack of relevant, usable content

Motivation and trust



What now?

Focus our efforts on areas of greatest need

Increase understanding of barriers to digital inclusion – access, skills, motivation, trust

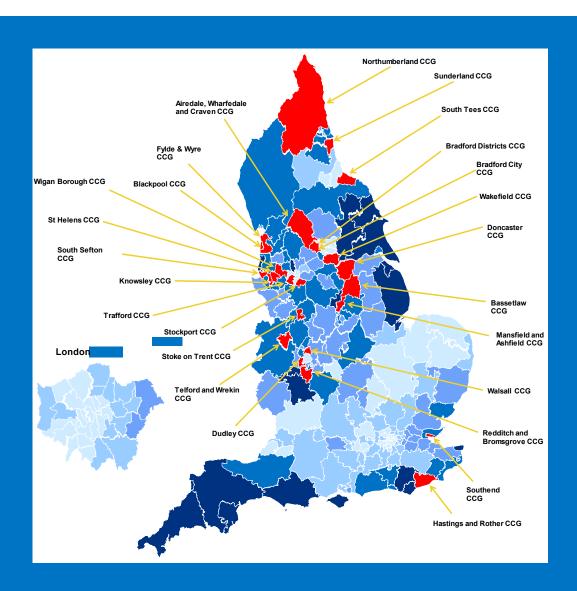
Work with local people and communities to co-produce solutions relevant to them

Using population data to prioritise local action

Mapping areas of digital exclusion to areas of health inequality

Areas of digital exclusion often map to areas of social deprivation & health inequality

...but not always



Local pathfinders

North London – young people with mental health issues

Sheffield – social prescribing

North Somerset – high street healthy living hub

Stoke – people with long term conditions

Bradford – young people as carers

Wakefield – hearing & visually impaired people

Hastings – homeless & insecurely housed people

Sunderland – isolated older people

Dorset – maternity care for travellers

Co-production methods

Go to where people are

Engage with local stakeholders & service users

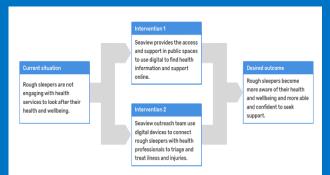
Develop personas and user journeys



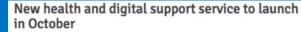




Test theory of change



Co-design solutions





Co-production has challenged our assumptions

What we thought was the problem wasn't always the most important issue for patients and citizens

Here are just four examples

Young people



Take away learning:

Young people are digitally engaged

 but often not for their health unless content & tools meaningful to them

Older people



Take away learning:

Older people are increasingly using everyday technology (Facebook, Skype etc) and are prepared to use for their own health

Homeless people



Take away learning:
Provide basic infrastructure – safe, dry places with free wi-fi

High street hub



Take away learning: Involve local people to integrate digital with everyday health

Sharing what we've done



Online ideas bank
Practical tools
Case studies
Videos
Design principles
Evaluation

Page contents

- How can we find out levels of digital
- Practical steps to help with digital inclusion
- How can we commission digital inclusion support?
- How can we evaluate digital inclusion support initiatives?
- Providing accessible online services
- Design principles for digital inclusion
- Draft NHS design
 principles
- principles

 Widening Digital
 Inclusion Pathfinders
- Supporting digital inclusion – step by step
- Further Information

4. How can we support digital inclusion locally?

How can we find out levels of digital exclusion locally?

Use the <u>digital exclusion heatmap</u> to check levels of digital exclusion locally. The Heatmap shows overall likelihood of digital exclusion by local authority, ti does this by combining indicators including infrastructure (broadband and 4G), access (percentage of adults online), basic digital skills, and social indicators (age, education, income and health).

The One Digital Toolkit includes a useful guide from Citizens Online on mapping data for digital inclusion activity. The guide covers data sources relevant to mapping, and an introduction to mapping using available software.

Click on the map to see the likelihood of digital exclusion in your area.



Practical steps to help with digital inclusion

Several practical steps can be taken to support digital inclusion locally. Here are some examples of ways in which we can create the best environment for successful digital inclusion support.

Social prescribing

In Stockport, GPs at the <u>Alvaniey Family Practice</u> are prescribing to nonmedical support including gardening and cooking. In this video <u>staff at the</u> <u>practice talk about their approach to social prescribing</u>. One of the interventions prescribed is digital skills training provided by <u>Starting Point</u> <u>Community Learning Partnership</u>.

In Sheffield, GPs at <u>Sloan Medical Centre</u> are referring patients to digital skills training provided by <u>Heeley Development Trust</u>. In this video, GP Di Ollie Hart talks about the partnership.



ee public wi-fi

mation and services when they most need them. Free wi-fi in all G tices will be available by early 2018, with all hospital trusts providir wi-fi by the and of 2018.

NHS Wi-Fi

These case studies show how free wi-fi has improved communication patients and their families.

describe benefits for the NHS and patients of providing free wi-fi.

upporting digital skills of staff

Health and care staff do not always have knowledge and confidence in using digital health resources themselves. This means that they are unliked the state of t

Health Education England is leading work on digital literacy for health and care staff, as part of the <u>Building a Digital Ready Workforce programme</u>. This video explains why digital literacy is important to the health and care



Ith Education England's digital capabilities



Health Education England's definitions of digital literacy apply equally to

ow can we commission digital inclusion suppo

A <u>Digital Training and Support Framework agreement</u> is available for upublic sector organisations (including clinical commissioning groups and local authorities). The framework includes over 50 companies, social

https://digital.nhs.uk/digital-inclusion-guide





Bob Gann Widening Digital Participation Programme NHS Digital

bob.gann@nhs.net Bob_Gann #nhswdp